# CYBER RISK & INSURANCE LUKE HOERR, AUSTIN KARPINSKI, KYLE VITALE, NICK

YONCE, CHRISTOPHER WEHR

### WHAT WE WILL ANSWER TODAY

- 1. What is cyber risk?
- 2. What is the motivation behind cyber-attacks?
- 3. What kind of information can be a target?
- 4. What are the industry risks?
  - 1. Retail
  - 2. Manufacturing
  - 3. Technology
  - 4. Healthcare
  - 5. Finance

# WHAT IS CYBER RISK?

'Cyber risk' means any risk of financial loss, disruption or damage to the reputation of an organization from some sort of failure of its information technology systems.

- Financial loss
- Disruption
- Damage to reputation

MOTIVATION
BEHIND CYBER

**ATTACKS** 

1. Financial

2. Espionage

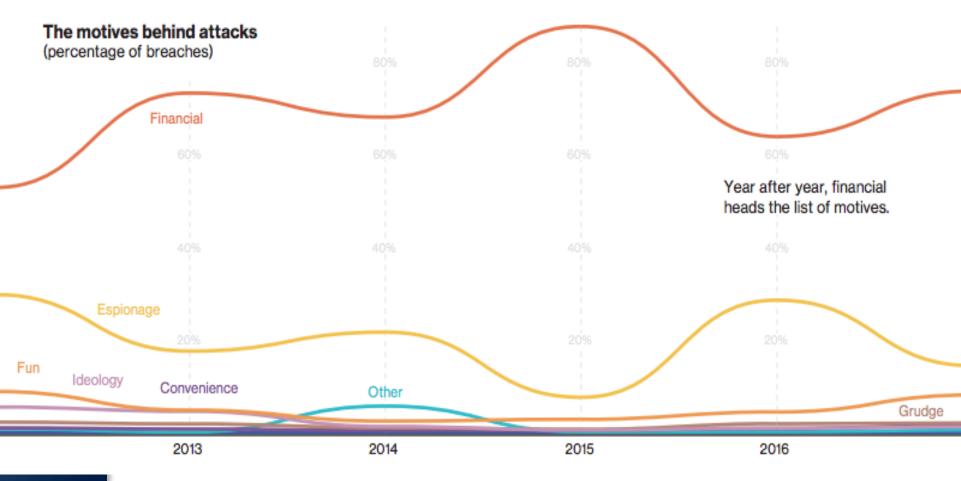
3.Fun

4. Ideology

5. Convenience

6. Grudge

7. Other



#### > INFORMATION STORED AT ORGANIZATIONS

# **Personally Identifiable Information (PII)**

- Full name
- Date of birth
- Home address
- Gender
- Race
- Telephone number
- Social security number
- Credit card numbers
- Email address
- Biometric credentials
- Passport number
- Driver's license number
- Log in details
- Non-specific age (e.g. 30-40 instead of 32)
- Job position and workplace

# Protected Health Information (PHI)

IPs, URLs/URIs
Photographic Images
Insurance Policy Numbers
Electronic Medical Record(EMR)

- Medical history
- Medications/Sedation
- Treatment plans/Medical equipment needed
- Vital signs
- Diagnosis
- Progress notes
- Immunization dates
- Allergies
- Lab/Test results

#### Intellectual Property (IP)

Trade secrets

Manufacturing details

Software

# HOW DOES THIS INFORMATION BECOME MONETIZED?

- 1. Hackers create a fake identity
- 2. They can file fake claims and tax returns
- 3. They sell the information they stole on the black market
- 4. Ransomware encrypts patient data and demands payment in order to get the data back

#### RISK MITIGATION APPROACH

#### **Insider Threat**

- Employee training:
- Sending out fake simulated phishing and report. Some hospitals send out phishing emails and requiring the employees to report

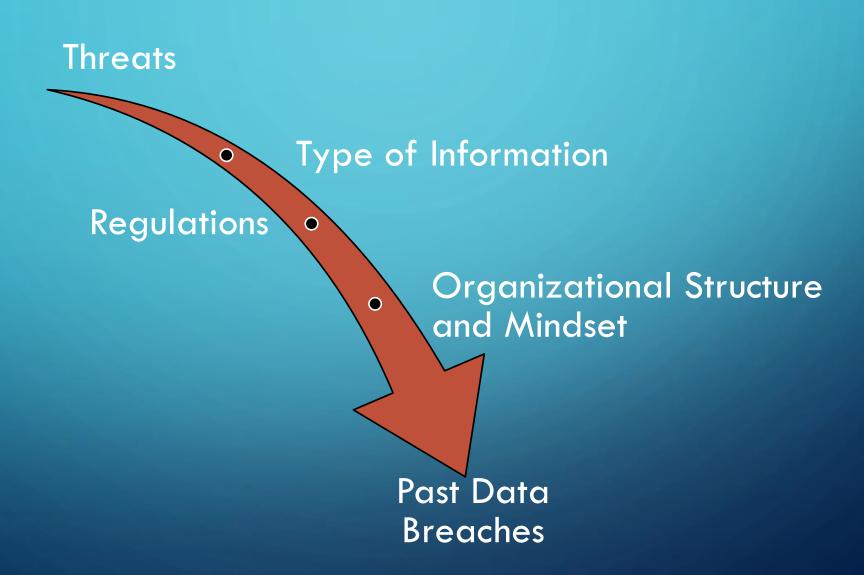
#### Malware

- Keep the operating system, and the network up to date
- Backup records on an external hard drive

Ensuring the company has an initiative risk management program

Chief Information Security Officer & Chief Risk Officer

# RISK ASSESSMENT MODEL FOR ALL INDUSTRIES

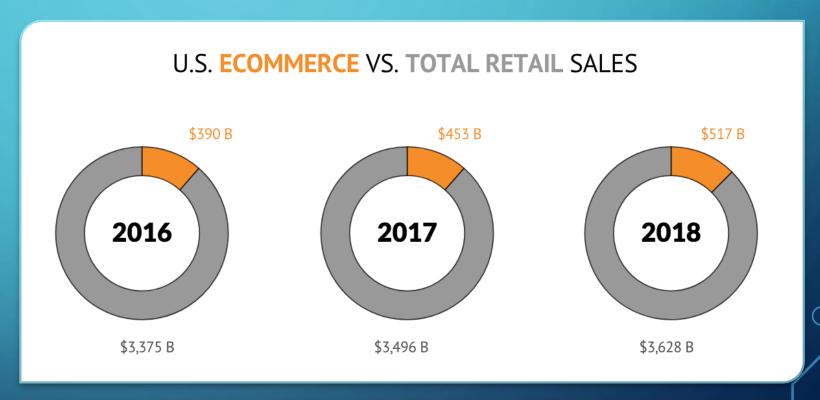


# SCORING

5	Score	Frequency	Severity	Velocity (response time)
	1-3 (Low)	Not a target	Low amount of valuable data stored	High quality "response" plan
	4-7 (Medium)	Somewhat targeted  BEST BUY	Moderate amount of valuable data stored  Verizon	Average "response" plan  salesforce
	8-10 (High)	Constantly targeted  JPMorganChase	High amount of valuable data stored	No focus on action plan  T=5L  T=5L

#### **RETAIL**

- Ecommerce represented 14.3% of total retail sales in 2018
- Retailers collect data about their customer
  - Personal information
  - Financial information
  - Behavior



Digital Commerce 360: US ecommerce sales grow 15.0% in 2018



- Hacking and business disruption
- PII
- PCI & as an international company exposed to different national regulation

Frequency: 5 | Severity: 4 |

Velocity:5

Overall: 100



- Hacking and business disruption
- PII & PHI
- HIPAA & PCI

Frequency: 6 | Severity: 8 | Velocity: 6 |

Overall: 252

#### MANUFACTURING

- Top cyber liabilities- data breaches, stealing of intellectual property, third party damages, business interruption, and cyber extortion
- Current software used in the manufacturing industry has weak security
- The Manufacturing industry is second most attacked industry behind healthcare

#### MAJOR THREATS

- When it comes to manufacturing, Intellectual property is the most valuable asset
- "The largest risk would be cybercriminals attempting to steal intellectual property and trade secrets NCMS says 21% of manufacturers have lost intellectual property and 90% of the data stolen is considered proprietary"
  - Team, Barkly. "Cyber Attacks Against Manufactures on the Ris
- An alteration in the manufacturing process could cause huge recalls, and possible compromised products
- Locking out the manufacturer from their Manufacturing Operation System (MOS)
  - Recent occurrence

# TESLA



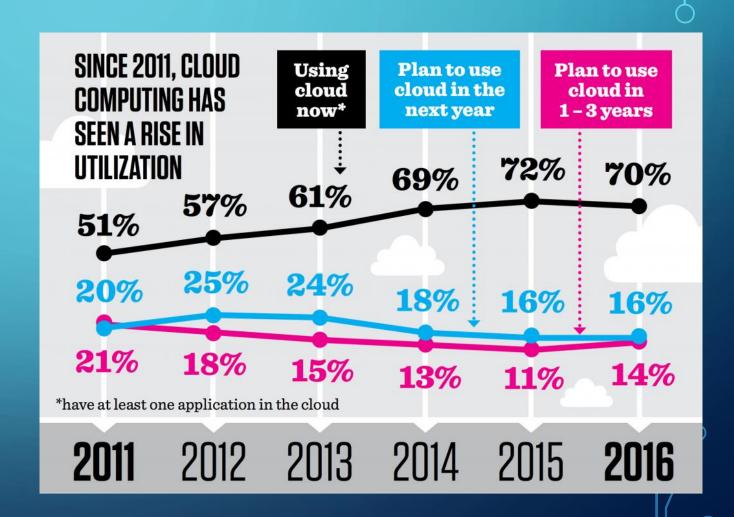
- Use Amazon cloud computing for their cloud storage
- In February 2018 their cloud was hacked but no data was leaked
- Only manufactures in California, Nevada, and Buffalo New York
- Tesla created their own MOS or Manufacturing operations software
  - This is unique as most of the time companies will buy one and have it modified for their needs
  - Frequency: 5 | Severity: 6 | Velocity: 8 | Overall: 240

- EMC is a recent acquisition with dell, and Is a cloud computing company and manages all their own in-house cloud storage
- Would have PII for employees, customers, and possible clients on cloud computing platform EMC
- Had an attempted hack in November 2018, but its website uses (Hashing) to scramble passwords and nothing was stolen.
  - Has manufacturing plants scattered all over the world

Frequency: 3 | Severity: 4 | Velocity: 6 Overall: 72

#### TECHNOLOGY - RISE OF CLOUD COMPUTING

- 81 percent of enterprises have a multi-cloud strategy
- Cloud companies prioritize efficiency over security
- Cloud Security Alliance identified data breaches as the largest of 12 threats



# CLOUD COMPUTING'S IMPACT ON CYBER INSURANCE

- As companies shift from internal storage of data to external storage, the importance of third-party coverage rises drastically
- Chinese hackers "APT 10" breached a U.S. IT firm, gaining access to 45 companies in 12 countries, and the U.S. Navy
- Cyber insurance companies must take advantage of this strategic window by focusing on cloud companies that prioritize security



- Most widely used CRM tool in the world
- •Offers in house security bundle "Shield" and external security through cloud security broker
- Acquired data encryption firm NavajoSystems
- •Warned of possible breach in 2018 of marketing platform allowing other customers to view data

- Most popular cloud storage/file sharingsystem
- 95% of cloud security failures will be the customers' fault
- •Massive breach in 2011, revealing 68 million users login info
- Launched Dropbox Business following breach with extra security features

Frequency: 4 | Severity: 8 | Velocity: 5 | Overall: 160

Frequency: 6 | Severity: 7 | Velocity: 7 | Overall: 294

#### HEALTHCARE

- Top Threats: Ransomware, Insider Threat.
- Description of trends: Significant change is expected to be coming to the healthcare industries information systems and functionality.
- Type of info at risk: credit cards, social security numbers, employment info., medical history, (all this is used to create medical identities)
- Average cost of a Medical Record: \$408





#### NORTH WESTERN MEMORIAL

- June 2012
  - Stolen computers: software update exposure
  - At Least 500 individuals
  - Hospital contended that the PHI was not the target of attack
- March 2019
  - Insider Threat
  - 60 employees fired for accessing Jussie Smollett's Medical Record

Frequency: 7 | Severity: 8 | Velocity: 6 |

Overall: 366

#### JOHNS HOPKINS HOSPITAL

- June 2017
  - Network Hack
  - Employee data exposed
  - Affected nearly 3.8 million identified members
  - Member's name, mailing address, type of plan, member and group ID number, names of dependents enrolled in the plan, primary care provider and, for some companies, date of birth, premium invoice information and Medicaid ID number.

Frequency: 8 | Severity: 9 | Velocity: 7 |

Overall: 504

#### **FINANCIAL**

#### Top Threats

- Third-, fourth- and fifth-party vendors
  - Harder to secure from a risk standpoint
- Web application attacks
  - "The threat of cyber security may very well be the biggest threat to the U.S. financial system," Jamie Dimon CEO of JP Morgan Chase
- Talent shortage/ mismanagement
  - Chief information security officer reporting to CEO not CIO/CRO
- Large range of products offered by companies in this space
  - Data becomes decentralized quickly

#### RISK PROFILE LEVEL

#### LOW RISK PROFILE

- Larger multinational corporations
- Established risk management program
- Strong accountability at the executive level

#### HIGH RISK PROFILE

- Smaller "regional" corporations
- Lots of third-party risks
- Doesn't seek adequate insurance
- Has a fully centralized cybersecurity program

#### JPMorgan Chase & Co.

- New York City, NY
- Over 250,000 employees
- 2.6+ trillion in assets
- Core competency: commercial banking, retail financial services
- Follows NYDFS Regulations
- Breach affecting 76M in 2014

Frequency: 4 | Severity: 9 | Velocity: 6 |

Overall: 216

#### AMERICAN EXPRESS

- New York City, NY
- Over 55,000 employees
- 181+ billion assets
- Core competency: charge cards, credit cards
- Follows NYDFS Regulations
- 3rd party breach affecting 700k in 2018 (India)

Frequency: 3 | Severity: 8 | Velocity: 6 |

Overall: 144

# CONCLUSION

		Organization	Frequency	Severity	Velocity	Overall
	Retail	Best Buy	5	4	5	100
		CVS Pharmacy	6	8	6	288
	Manufacturing	Tesla	5	6	8	240
		Dell	3	4	6	72
	Technology	Salesforce	4	8	5	160
		Dropbox	6	7	7	294
	Healthcare	Northwestern	7	8	8	366
		John Hopkins	8	9	7	504
	Finance	American Express	3	8	6	144
		JP Morgan Chase	4	9	6	216